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APPLICAT	ION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/522	,701	01/28/2005	David H. Evans	GB02 0120 US	1880
24738	8 7590 06/05/2006			EXAMINER	
		ONICS NORTH A	PHUONG, DAI		
	NTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS 109 MCKAY DRIVE, M/S-41SJ		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	JOSE, CA 95	•		2617	

DATE MAILED: 06/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/522,701	EVANS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Dai A. Phuong	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP	LY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH	H(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS.				
 WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to divide apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froute, cause the application to become ABANDON	NN. imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10	<u> April 2006</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16,18 and 19</u> is/are pending in the	Claim(s) <u>1-16,18 and 19</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16,18 and 19</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	/					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10) $igotimes$ The drawing(s) filed on 28 January 2005 is/ar	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objecte	ed to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* * *					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached Onic	e Action of form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	nts have been received					
1.		tion No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr						
application from the International Bure						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li		/ed.				
Attachment(s)		(770.440)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's arguments, filed 04/10/2006, with respect to claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Claim 17 had canceled. Claim 1-16 and 18-19 are currently pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-16 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gilkes et al. (Pub. No: 20020180640) in view of Shin et al. (U.S. 5687171).

Regarding claim 1, Shin et al. disclose a system for locating a mobile unit including: means for transmitting a first signal at a relatively high power (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]); means for transmitting a second signal at a predetermined, relatively low power (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]); means for receiving said second signal (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]); means for determining a second signal strength of said second received at received at said means for receiving said second signal (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]); means for determining whether said second signal strength exceeds a relatively high threshold level so as to locate the mobile unit within a known distance of said means for transmitting said second signal (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]). However, Gilkes et al. do not disclose means for receiving said first signal; means for determining a first

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signal strength of said first signal at said means for receiving said first signal; means for determining whether said first signal strength exceeds a relatively low threshold level so as to determine whether service may be provided.

In the same field of endeavor, Shin et al. disclose means for receiving said first signal (col. 3 lines 2-4; and col. 3, line 42 to col. 4, line 13); means for determining a first signal strength of said first signal at said means for receiving said first signal (col. 3 lines 2-4; and col. 3, line 42 to col. 4, line 13); means for determining whether said first signal strength exceeds a relatively low threshold level so as to determine whether service may be provided (col. 3 lines 2-4; and col. 3, line 42 to col. 4, line 13).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the wireless communication system of Gilkes et al. by specifically including means for receiving said first signal; means for determining a first signal strength of said first signal at said means for receiving said first signal; means for determining whether said first signal strength exceeds a relatively low threshold level so as to determine whether service may be provided, as taught by Shin et al., the motivation being in order to allocate radio channels through the measurement of the strength of reverse link signals.

Regarding claim 2, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said relatively high power is at least 0 dBm (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]).

Regarding claim 3, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said relatively high power is at least 6 dBm, 13 dBm or 20 dBm (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]).

Regarding claim 4, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system said relatively low power is no more than 0 dBm (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]).

Regarding claim 5, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said relatively low threshold level is no more than -85 dBm (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]).

Regarding claim 6, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said relatively high threshold level is no less than -65 dBm (fig. 6, [0042] to [0046]).

Regarding claim 7, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means) for transmitting said first and second signals transmit said first and second signals at different times ([0029])).

Regarding claim 8, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system which is a wireless local area network ([0025]).

Regarding claim 9, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for transmitting said first signal is an access point ([0003] and [0025]).

Regarding claim 10, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for transmitting said second signal is an access point ([0003] and [0025]).

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Regarding claim 11, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for receiving said first signal is a mobile unit ([0003] and [0025]).

Regarding claim 12, the combination of Buchner and Hasegawa disclose all the limitation in claim 8. Further, Hasegawa discloses a system wherein said means (4) for receiving said second signal (24.sub.2) is a mobile unit (col. 5, lines 49-59).

Regarding claim 13, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for transmitting said first signal is a mobile unit ([0003] and [0025]).

Regarding claim 14, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for transmitting said second signal is a mobile unit ([0003] and [0025]).

Regarding claim 15, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for receiving said first signal is an access point ([0003] and [0025]).

Regarding claim 16, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose a system wherein said means for receiving said second signal is an access point.

Regarding claim 18, this claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 1.

Regarding claim 19, the combination of Gilkes et al. and Shin et al. disclose all the limitation in claim 1. Further, Gilkes et al. disclose discloses an access point configured for use in the system according to claim 1 ([0003] and [0025]).

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Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dai A Phuong whose telephone number is 571-272-7896. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eng George can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dai Phuong AU: 2617

Date: 05-25-2006

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PRIMARY EXAMINER

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